



## **Numerical analysis of nitrogen oxides production in a turbulent flame stabilized by Nanosecond Repetitively Pulsed discharges**

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Addressing the challenge of climate change requires mitigating nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>) emissions. One solution is to decrease the mixture equivalence ratio, limiting the temperature within the combustion chamber. While the lower temperature strongly reduces NO<sub>x</sub> production, it also leads to slower chemical reaction rates, often resulting in incomplete combustion and flame extinction. An emerging solution to enable flame stabilization in leaner regimes is to generate high-voltage plasma discharges at the flame basis, which interacts with combustion. Nanosecond Repetitively Pulsed (NRP) discharges are an energy-efficient and promising technique to stabilize lean premixed flames [1]. High-performance computing is a valuable complementary approach to experiments for exploring open questions regarding the influence of NRP discharges on flame pollutant emissions. This research aims to undertake a numerical investigation and analysis of the NO<sub>x</sub> production in a turbulent flame stabilized by nanosecond plasma discharges. To this end, Large-Eddy Simulations (LES) are performed by combining a low-CPU cost phenomenological plasma model with an analytical combustion mechanism. The retained experimental configuration is the Mini-PAC bluff-body burner with a lean premixed injection of methane-air [2]. The NRP discharge model of Castela et al. is employed [3]. The numerical results are compared against experimental data. Lastly, the flame dynamics and NO<sub>x</sub> chemical pathways are analyzed.

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### **References**

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