

Should electronic delocalization be associated with aromaticity? The case of c-P6•T6⁶⁺.

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ABSTRACT

Recently Peeks, M. and collaborators have proposed a new index (ID_{opp}) to estimate electronic delocalization. [1] In particular, they have studied the nanoring c-P6•T6⁶⁺, [1] a system that has caused controversy among the scientific community. [2-4] According to Peeks, ID_{opp} suggests that the nanoring c-P6•T6⁶⁺ is aromatic, however we show that ID_{opp} is an unreliable index to estimate aromaticity. We use of the model shown in Figure 1, where we disconnect the porphyrins. In our model the ID_{opp} index has to be zero, however this does not happen despite disconnections. All our analysis is based on Density Functional Theory.

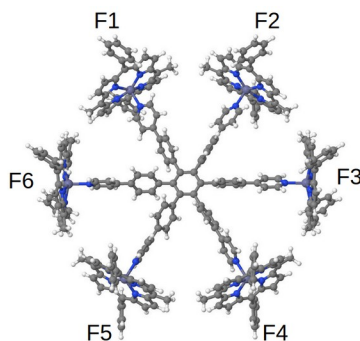


Figure 1: Fragments defined in the nanoring c-P6•T6⁶⁺.

References

- 1 Bradley, D.; Hillier, B. K.; Peeks, M. Electronic delocalization in charged macrocycles is associated with global aromaticity. *Chem. Commun.* **2023**, 59, 13438.
- 2 Deng, J. R.; Bradley, D.; Jirásek, M.; Anderson, H. L. *Angew. Chem.* **2022**, 134, e202201231.
- 3 Casademont-Reig, I; Guerrero-Avilés, R.; Ramos-Cordoba, E.; Torrent-Sucarrat, M.; Matito, E. *Angew. Chem.* **2021**, 60, 24080-24088.